

Corneal Transplant Related Galli-Galli Disease

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Galli-Galli Disease (GGD)

- Very rare autosomal dominant *genodermatosis* (~27 reported cases)
- Member broader family of *reticulated pigmented skin disorders*
 - Galli-Galli disease (GGD)
 - Dowling-Degos disease (DDD)
 - Reticulate acropigmentation of Kitamura
 - Reticulate acropigmentation of Dohi
 - Haber Syndrome

Galli - Galli Disease (GGD)

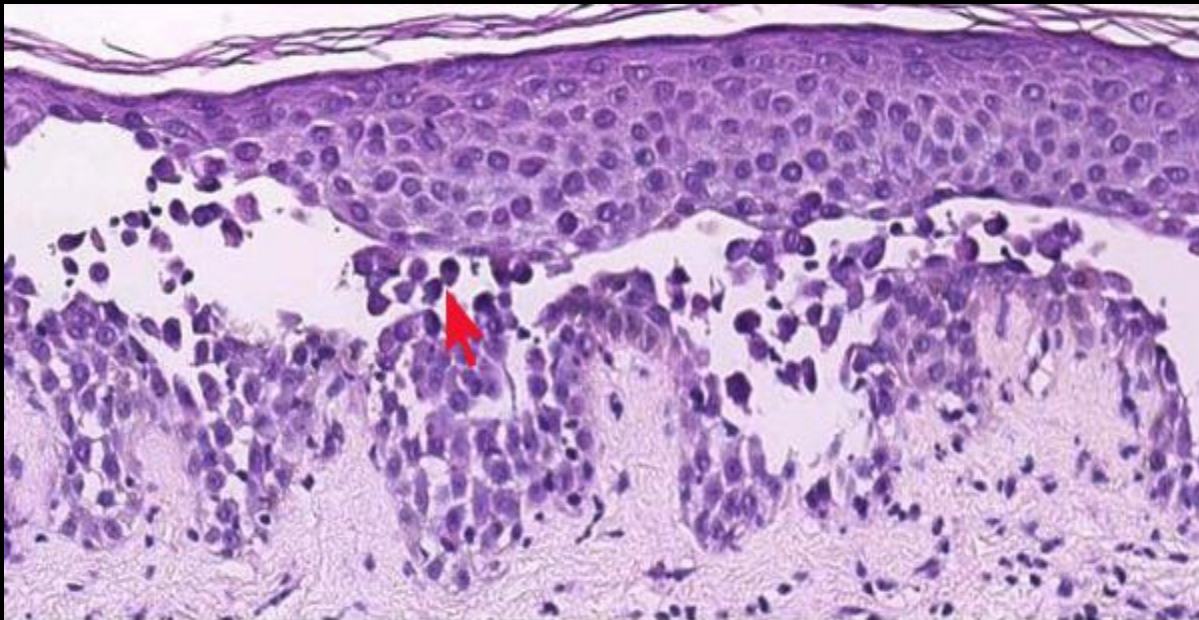
- First described by Bardach in 1982
- Identified in two brothers named *Galli*
- Presented with a reticulated hyperpigmented skin eruption affecting skin folds

Galli - Galli Disease (GGD)

- Initially thought to represent a distinct clinical entity
 - Clinical presentation indistinguishable from DDD
 - Consistent histopathology finding of *acantholysis* which was unique to GGD

Acantholysis

- Loss of connection between epidermal keratinocytes secondary to breakdown of desmosomal intercellular attachments



Note the rounded and detached, free floating keratinocytes

Acantholysis

- Characteristic of various skin conditions including;
 - Galli-Galli Disease
 - Pemphigus vulgaris
 - Herpes virus vesicular eruptions



Galli - Galli Disease (GGD)

- Subsequent research identified common genetic defect for both GGD and DDD
- Identical frameshift and nonsense mutations located on KRT5 gene
- Consequently GGD now considered an *acantholytic variant* of Dowling-Degos Disease

Clinical Presentation GGD

- Multiple 1-2 mm red - dark brown puritic papules



Clinical Presentation GGD

- Focally confluent in a reticulated (net-like/chicken wire) pattern



Clinical Presentation GGD

- Predilection for *flexural* (skin fold) areas including the *neck*



Clinical Presentation GGD

- Predilection for *flexural* (skin fold) areas including the *axilla*



Clinical Presentation GGD

- Predilection for *flexural* (skin fold) areas including the *inframammary* and inguinal regions



Variant Manifestations GGD

- Grover disease-like erythematous, keratotic papules and lentigo-like macules of the trunk and extremities



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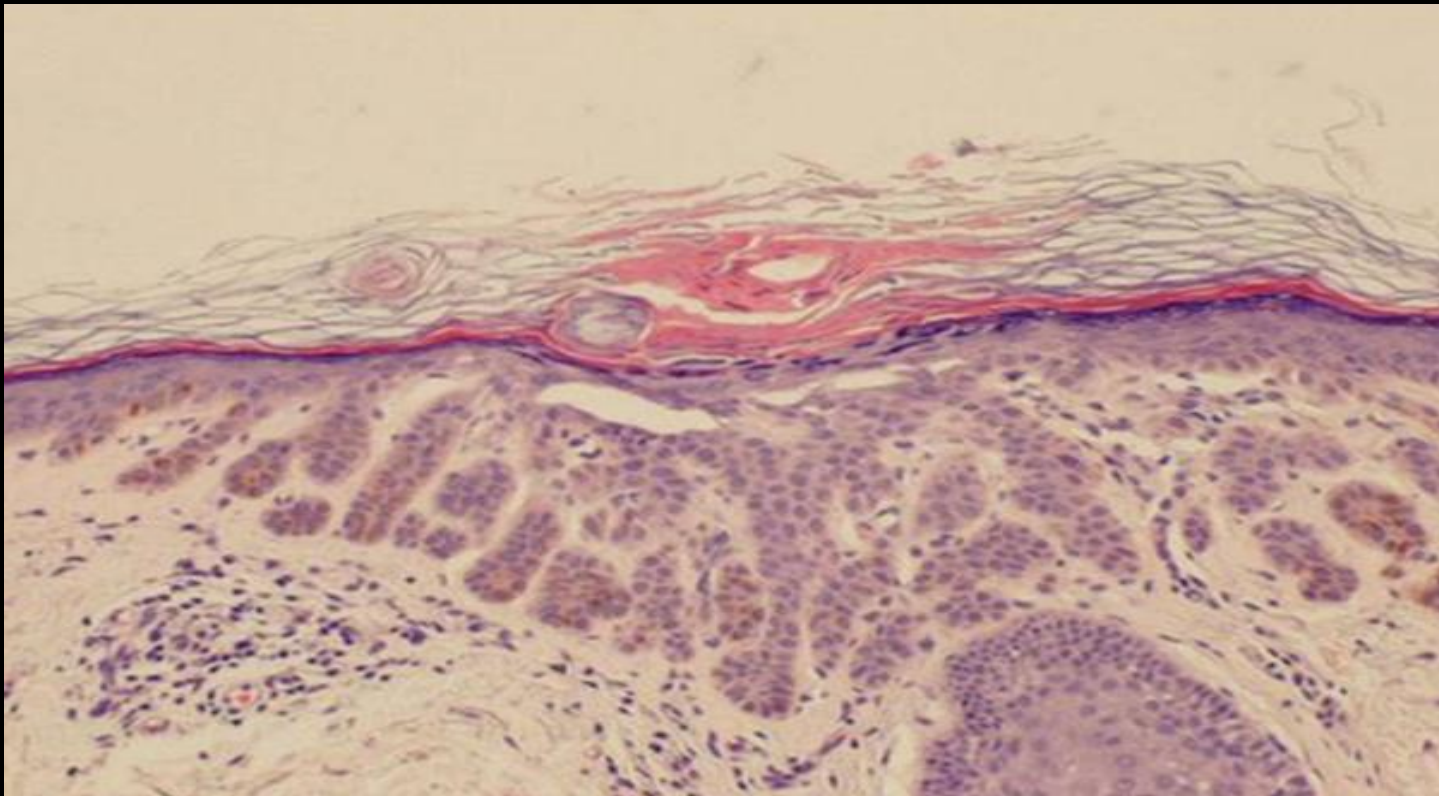


GGD Disease Characteristics

- Age at onset varies widely: teens – 70's
- Inheritance pattern:
 - Autosomal dominant with incomplete penetrance
 - Sporadic
- Disease is progressive without spontaneous remission

Histopathology

- Digitiform elongation of the rete ridges
- Basal layer hyperpigmentation
- Focal suprabasal acantholysis (hallmark feature)



Association With Immune Suppression

Association with Immune Suppression

■ Grover's Disease

- *Transient* (weeks-months) acantholytic dermatosis of unknown cause
- Manifests as a papular skin eruption on trunk and proximal extremities
- Clinically similar to and high on the differential dx list for GGD



Association with Immune Suppression

- Grover's Disease has a well documented association with immunosuppressive conditions including;
 - HIV
 - Hematologic malignancies
 - Bone-marrow allotransplantation (1.8% incidence)
 - Renal transplantation (solid organ)

- (1) Breustedt W, et al. *Transitory acantholysis (Grover) in an HIV infected patient*. Z Hautkr 1990; 754-756. (in German)
- (2) Landra N, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis (Grover's disease): A review of 73 cases* (Abstract). 18th world Congress of Dermatology, New York 1992; June 12-18, p. 129A.
- (3) Horn T, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis in immunocompromised febrile patients with cancer*. Arch Dermatol 1987; 122: 238-240.
- (4) Guana A, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis in oncology patients*. J Clin Oncol 1994; 12:1703-1709.
- (5) Manteaux A, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis in patients with cancer*. Cutis 1990; 46; 488-490. ; 77; 245-246.
- (6) De Argila D, et al. *Grover's disease in a patient with gastric carcinoma*. Acta Derm Venereol 1997
- (7) Roger M, et al. *Grover's disease associated with Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia and neutrophilic dermatosis*. Acta Derm Venereol 2000; 80; 145-146.
- (8) Harvell J, et al. *Grover's-like disease in the setting of bone marrow transplantation and autologous peripheral blood stem cell infusion*. Am J Dermatopathol 1998; 20: 179-184.
- (9) Bayer-Garner I, et al. *The spectrum of cutaneous diseases in multiple myeloma*. J Am Acad Dermatol 2003; 48: 497-507.
- (10) Zelickson B, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis associated with lymphomatous angioimmunoblastic lymphadenopathy*. Acta Derm Venereol 1989; 69; 445-448.
- (11) Simon R, et al. *Persistent acantholytic dermatosis: A variant of transient acantholytic dermatosis (Grover's disease)*. Arch Dermatol
- (12) Kanitakis J, et al. *Transient acantholytic dermatosis (Grover's disease) in a renal transplant patient*. J Derm 133; 3; March 2006; 178-181.

Association with Immune Suppression

- GGD has been documented in a liver transplant case (clinically an atypical Grover-like variant)
 - Skin lesions involved the trunk
 - Skin flexural areas unaffected



Rongioletti F, et al. *Atypical variant of Galli-Galli Disease (Grover-like eruption with lentiginous freckling) in a liver transplant patient.* Am J Dermatopathol 2011; 33: 504-507

Implications

- *Systemic immune suppression may in some way trigger or effect disease penetrance in a genetically predisposed individual.*

An “E – Ticket”

(Case Presentation)

“E – Ticket”

- TL: a 37 yo caucasian female
- POH
 - Hyperopia
 - SCL wear (20/20 OU)
- PMH
 - Negative except for gall bladder surgery
 - Allergies: Sulfa and Keflex
 - FH: negative for dermatologic disorders

Tammy

- September 2002 “jacuzzi splashed” at pool party while wearing SCL’s
- One day later noted pain, redness and photophobia OD
- Treated by local MD with Q-1 hr topical antibiotics/ antivirals/steroids
- Experienced increasingly *severe* pain, photophobia and vision loss
- Referred to myself ~6 weeks after symptom onset

Tammy

- Based on history and presentation, dx'ed with *acanthamoeba keratitis*
- On initial visit:
 - Epithelial debridement culture performed (AK+)
 - PHMB + broline initiated / AB's continued / steroid weaning attempted
- Responded poorly:
 - Developed PED
 - Was steroid weaning intolerant
 - Developed progressive stromal opacification and VA loss
 - Persistent spores identified by serial confocal microscopy (Dr Irvine/Dr Hopp)
 - Eventually required addition of systemic tx for spore eradication

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Tammy's E-Ticket Journey

- PED



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- Acute strep crystalline keratopathy (overlying ring infiltrate)



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- PED
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- Acute onset white mature cataract

Tammy's E-Ticket Cascade

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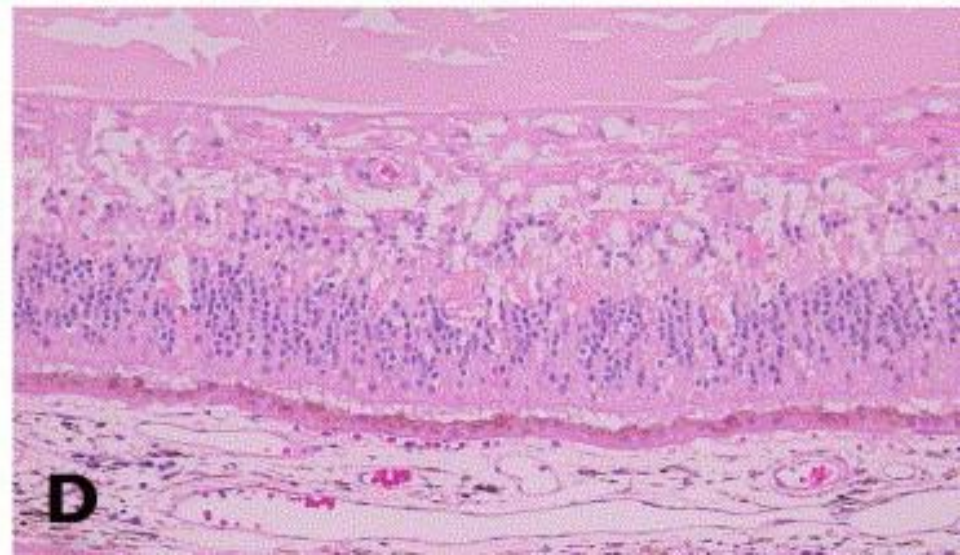
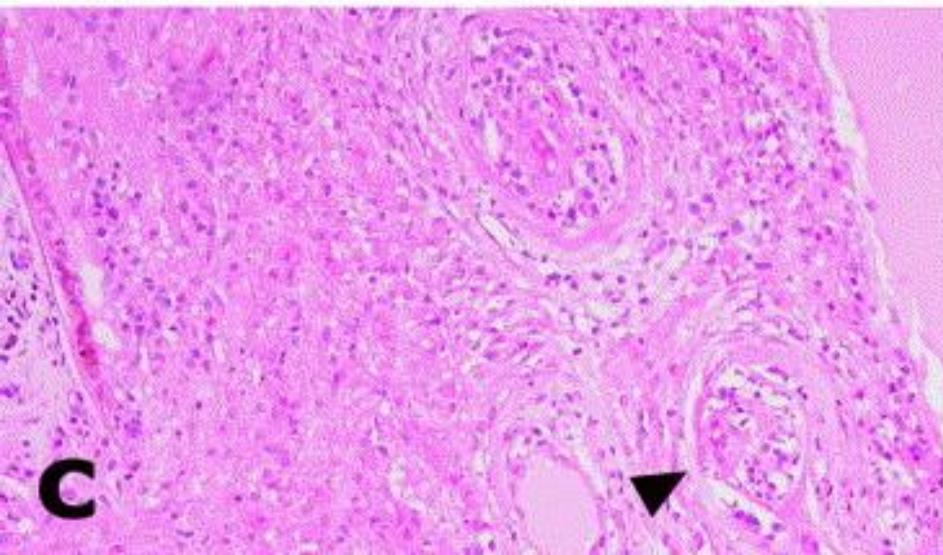
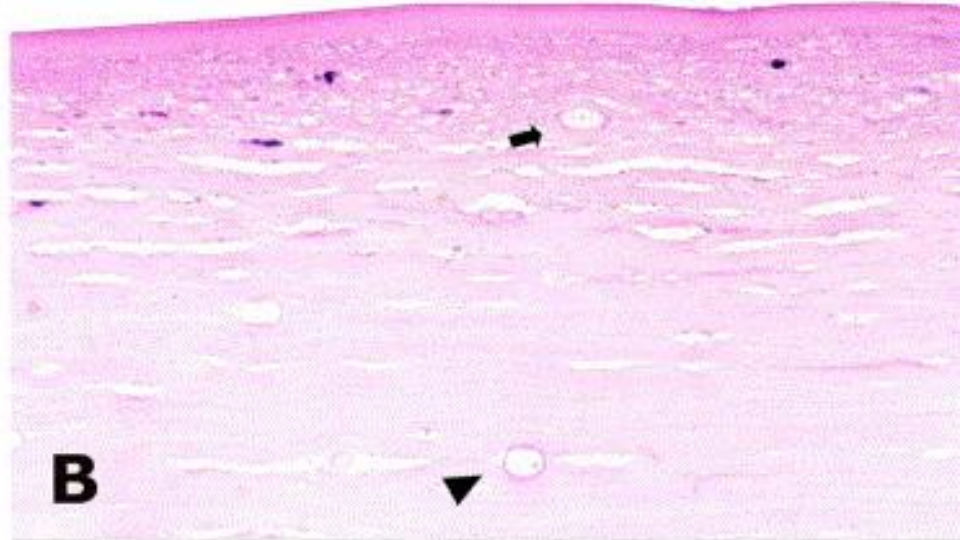
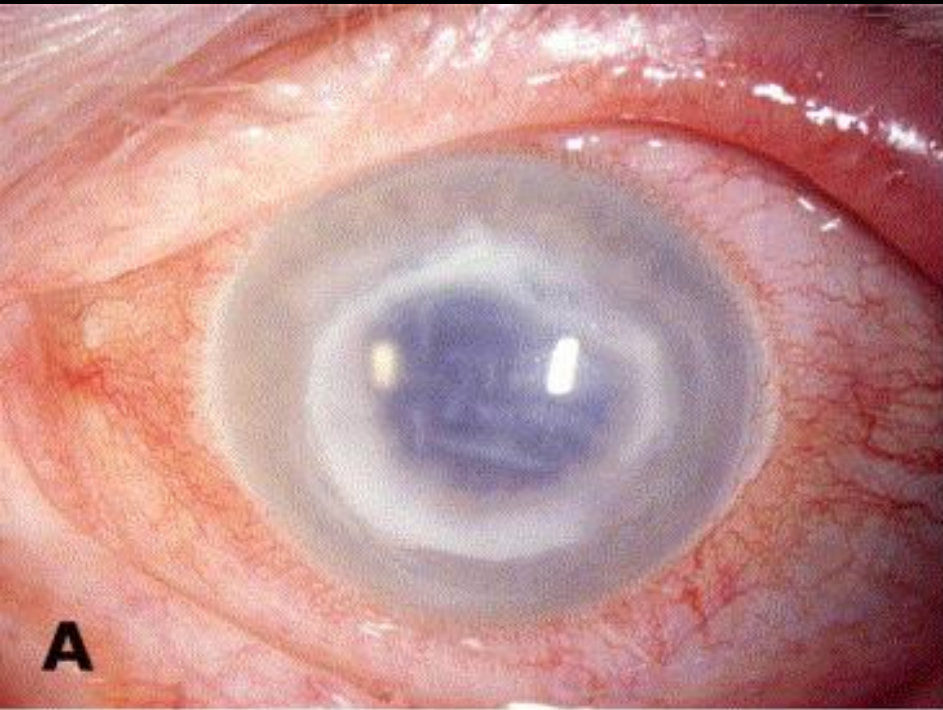
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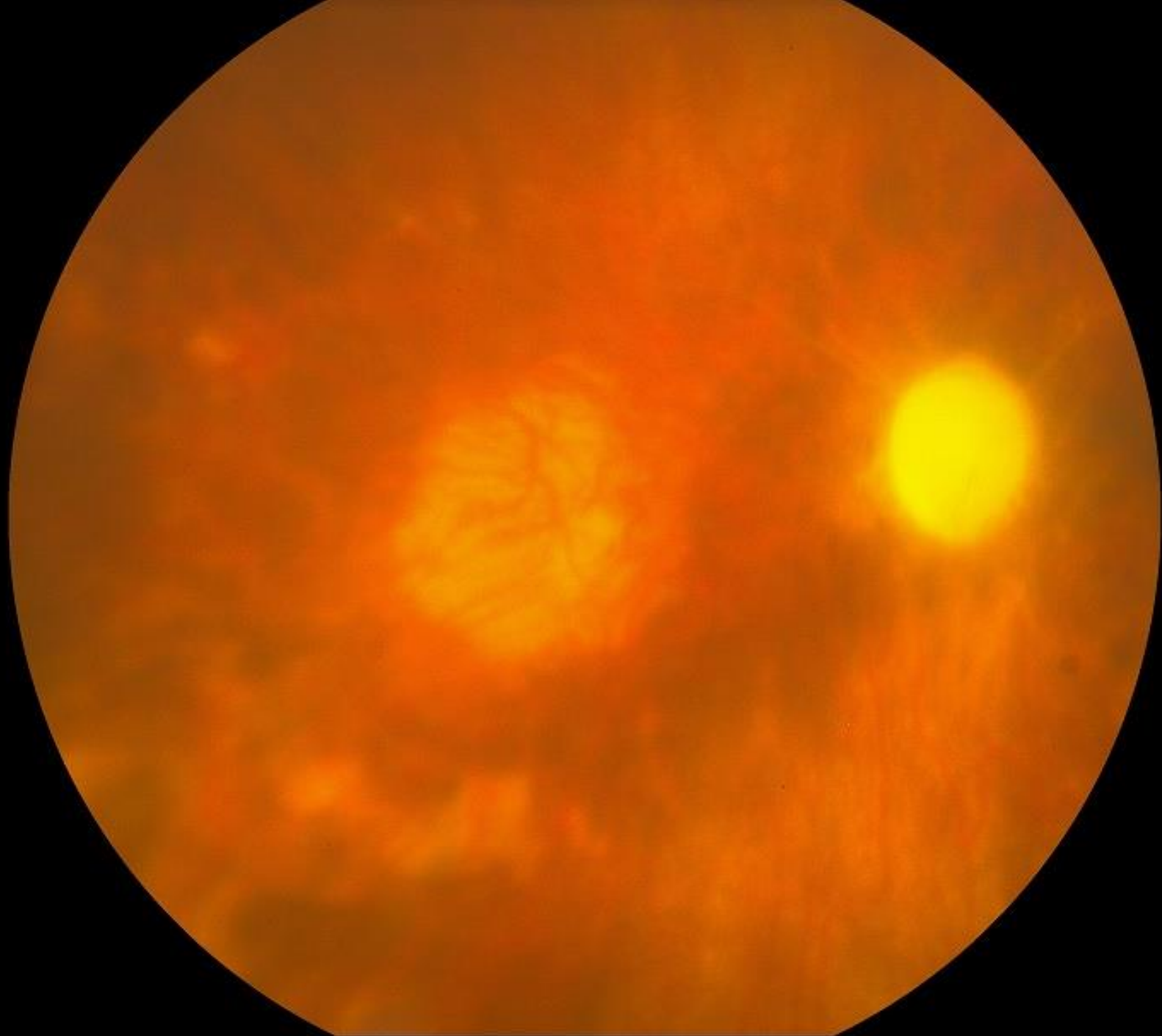
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- 2009 developed chronic pruritic rash (Grover disease distribution)

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 - Developed chronic pruritic Grover distribution rash (2009)
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- Second tube shunt explantation with concomitant CPC (10/09)

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- Developed chronic pruritic Grover distribution rash (2009)
- Second tube shunt explantation with concomitant CPC (10/09)
- Repeat penetrating keratoplasty with IOL explantation
- Total retinal detachment (3/29/13)

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- Developed chronic pruritic Grover distribution rash (2009)
- Second tube shunt explantation with concomitant CPC (10/09)
- Repeat penetrating keratoplasty with IOL explantation
- Total retinal detachment
- Galli-Galli disease diagnosed (10/12/14)

Tammy's Galli-Galli Disease

- Initially diagnosed as “gluten” allergy
- Ultimately required 5 years/5 dermatologist for correct diagnosis
- Definitive dx made by Dermatopathology Service at UCSF
- Underwent ~successful UV-B phototherapy

Tammy's E-Ticket Journey

- Eviseration 9/15/15

Tammy's E-Ticket Journey

- Eviseration 9/15/15
- Galli-Galli disease continues

Tammy's E-Ticket Journey

- Evisection 9/15/15
- Galli-Galli disease continues
- Received 13 years worth of continuous and at times high dose topical steroids

Summary

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- Clinically manifested as Grover-like variant of GGD
- Grovers Disease has strong/well documented association with immune suppression including organ transplantation
- Documented case of Grover-like variant GGD associated with organ transplant immune suppression

Summary

- TL represents only the second organ transplant (PK) associated case of GGD ever reported

Summary

- TL may represent the first ever report of a *corneal transplant associated noninfectious systemic disease (GGD)*

Summary

- TL may also represent the first ever report of a *topical steroid immune suppression associated noninfectious systemic disease (GGD)*

Thank You